

## Industry Spotlight

# Research & Development

Fort Bend County, Texas



**Greater Houston's Finest Address** 

Spotlight Summary	3
Industry Snapshot	4
Staffing Pattern	5
Employment Distribution by Type	6
Establishments	7
GDP & Productivity	8
Supply Chain: Top Suppliers	9
Sector Strategy Pathways	10
Postsecondary Programs Linked to Research & Development	11
Fort Bend County, Texas Regional Map	12
Industry Definition	13
Data Notes	14
FAQ	14

## **Spotlight Summary**

Research & Development Fort Bend County, Texas – 2020Q3

#### **EMPLOYMENT**



1,171

10.4%

Nation

Avg Ann % Change Last 10

Years / +1.7% in the U.S.

Regional employment / 1,099,656 in the nation

0.5%

% of Total Employment / **0.7%** in the U.S.

Region Nation

#### **WAGES**



\$58,888

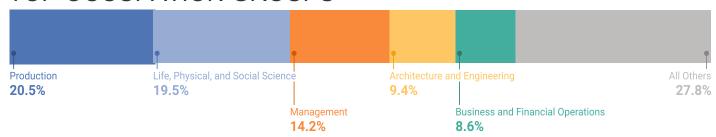
Avg Wages per Worker / \$140,035 in the nation

**-1.4%** 

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +3.7% in the U.S.

Region Nation

#### TOP OCCUPATION GROUPS



### TOP INDUSTRIES

Avg Ann % Change in Employment, Last 10 Years

16.5 % ↑
Region
Nation

Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing

23.6 % ↑
Region
Nation

Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering, and Life Sciences (except Nanotechnology and Biotechnology)

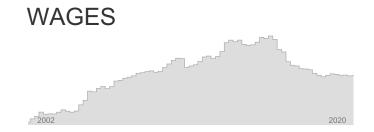
-14.0 % •

Research and Development in Biotechnology (except Nanobiotechnology)

## **Industry Snapshot**

#### **EMPLOYMENT**





6-Digit Industry	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	LQ	5yr History	Annual Demand	Forecast Ann Growth
Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing	718	\$35,006	2.36		88	2.6%
Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering, and Life Sciences (except Nanotechnology and Biotechnology)	330	\$101,969	0.49		36	2.5%
Research and Development in Biotechnology (except Nanobiotechnology)	49	\$80,392	0.15		5	2.3%
Research and Development in Nanotechnology	31	\$55,852	0.82		3	2.2%
In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing	25	\$102,369	0.62		3	2.6%
Research and Development in the Social Sciences and Humanities	15	\$112,601	0.16		2	2.0%
Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing	2	\$84,500	0.04		0	1.0%
Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing	1	\$84,500	0.02		0	1.0%
Research & Development	1,171	\$58,888	0.74		137	2.6%

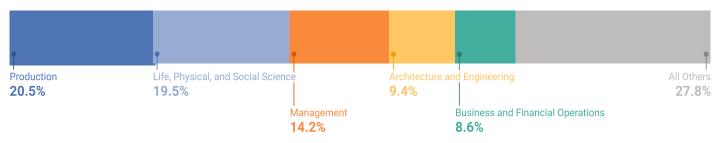


Employment is one of the broadest and most timely measures of a region's economy. Fluctuations in the number of jobs shed light on the health of an industry. A growing employment base creates more opportunities for regional residents and helps a region grow its population.



Since wages and salaries generally compose the majority of a household's income, the annual average wages of a region affect its average household income, housing market, quality of life, and other socioeconomic indicators.

## Staffing Pattern



6-digit Occupation	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	Annual Demand
Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	61	\$30,900	9
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	48	\$64,600	6
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	42	\$49,300	6
Chemists	42	\$94,800	6
Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	40	\$85,400	6
Chemical Equipment Operators and Tenders	34	\$59,000	5
Biological Technicians	33	\$46,200	5
Personal Service Managers, All Other; Entertainment and Recreation Managers, Except Gambling; and Managers, All Other	31	\$169,300	3
Natural Sciences Managers	29	\$134,800	4
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	26	\$81,800	4
Remaining Component Occupations	754	\$84,200	97
Total	1,171		



The mix of occupations points to the ability of a region to support an industry and its flexibility to adapt to future demand. Industry wages are a component of the cost of labor for regional employers.

## **Employment Distribution by Type**

The table below shows the employment mix by ownership type for Research & Development for Fort Bend County, Texas. Four of these ownership types — federal, state, and local government and the private sector — together constitute "Covered Employment" (employment covered by the Unemployment Insurance programs of the United States and reported via the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages).

"Self-Employment" refers to unincorporated self-employment and represents workers whose primary job is self-employment (that is, these data do not include workers whose primary job is a wage-and-salary position that is supplemented with self-employment).

	96.4%		
		Empl	%
Private		1,129	96.4%

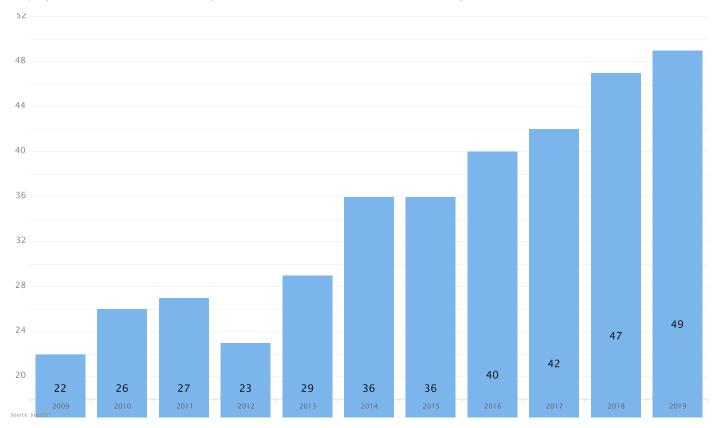
Source: JobsEQ®



Strong entrepreneurial activity is indicative of growing industries. Using self-employment as a proxy for entrepreneurs, a higher share of self-employed individuals within a regional industry points to future growth.

## **Establishments**

In 2019, there were 49 Research & Development establishments in Fort Bend County, Texas (per covered employment establishment counts), an increase from 22 establishments ten years earlier in 2009.



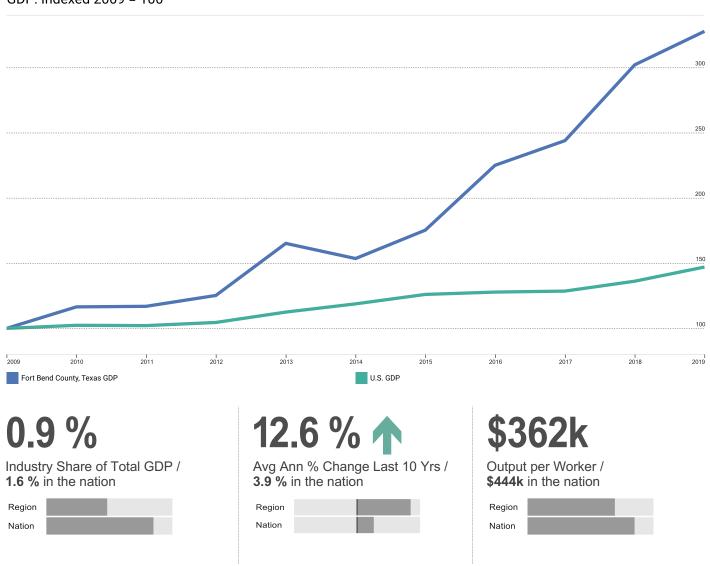


New business formations are an important source of job creation in a regional economy, spurring innovation and competition, and driving productivity growth. Establishment data can provide an indicator of growth in businesses by counting each single location (such as a factory or a store) where business activity takes place, and with at least one employee.

## **GDP & Productivity**

In 2019, Research & Development produced \$0.2 billion in GDP for Fort Bend County, Texas.

GDP: Indexed 2009 = 100





Gross domestic product (GDP) is the most comprehensive measure of regional economic activity, and an industry's contribution to GDP is an important indicator of regional industry strength. It is a measure of total value-added to a regional economy in the form of labor income, proprietor's income, and business profits, among others.



Growth in productivity (output per worker) leads to increases in wealth and higher average standards of living in a region.

## Supply Chain: Top Suppliers

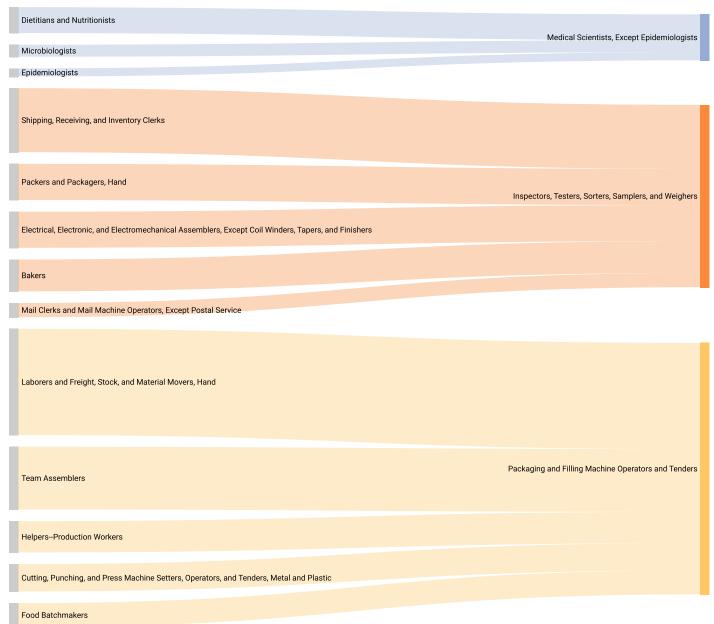
As of 2020Q3, Research & Development in Fort Bend County, Texas are estimated to make \$138.3 million in annual purchases from suppliers in the United States with about 33% or \$46.1 million of these purchases being made from businesses located in Fort Bend County, Texas.

6-digit Supplier Industries	Purchases from In- Region (\$M)	Purchases from Out-of-Region (\$M)
Corporate, Subsidiary, and Regional Managing Offices	\$3.5	\$12.4
Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing	\$0.2	\$12.5
Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing	\$0.1	\$8.6
Offices of Lawyers	\$3.1	\$2.1
Residential Property Managers	\$2.8	\$0.8
Remaining Supplier Industries	\$36.3	\$55.9
Total	\$46.1	\$92.3



Supplier-buyer networks can indicate local linkages between industries, regional capacity to support growth in an industry, and potential leakage of sales out of the region.

## Sector Strategy Pathways



The graphics on this page illustrate relationships and potential movement (from left to right) between occupations that share similar skill sets. Developing career pathways as a strategy promotes industry employment growth and workforce engagement.

# Postsecondary Programs Linked to Research & Development

Program	Awards
North American University	
Business Administration and Management, General	50
Computer Science	41

Source: JobsEQ®



The number of graduates from postsecondary programs in the region identifies the pipeline of future workers as well as the training capacity to support industry demand.



Among postsecondary programs at schools located in Fort Bend County, Texas, the sampling above identifies those most linked to occupations relevant to Research & Development. For a complete list see JobsEQ®, <a href="http://www.chmuraecon.com/jobseq">http://www.chmuraecon.com/jobseq</a>

## Fort Bend County, Texas Regional Map



## **Industry Definition**

#### Research & Development is defined as the following NAICS industries:

Code	Description
325411	Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing
325412	Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing
325413	In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing
325414	Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing
541713	Research and Development in Nanotechnology
541714	Research and Development in Biotechnology (except Nanobiotechnology)
541715	Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering, and Life Sciences (except Nanotechnology and Biotechnology)
541720	Research and Development in the Social Sciences and Humanities

#### **Data Notes**

- Industry employment and wages (including total regional employment and wages) are as of 2020Q3 and are based upon BLS QCEW data, imputed by Chmura where necessary, and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data. Employment forecasts are modeled by Chmura and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts.
- Occupation employment is as of 2020Q3 and is based on industry employment and local staffing patterns
  calculated by Chmura and utilizing BLS OES data. Occupation wages are per the BLS OES data and are as of
  2019.
- GDP is derived from BEA data and imputations by Chmura. Productivity (output per worker) is calculated by Chmura using industry employment and wages as well as GDP and BLS output data. Supply chain modeling including purchases by industry are developed by Chmura.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and are for the 2018-2019 academic year.
- Establishment counts are per the BLS QCEW data.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.

#### FAQ

#### What is (LQ) location quotient?

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

#### What is annual demand?

Annual demand is a of the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.

#### What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.